

The Software for Soil Engineering

TTTT D

9.35

Experts for Professionals

Competence in Soil Engineering

Online Service around the clock

www.dc-software www.grundbausoftware.de www.grundbaustatik



de

What can you expect from us:

Competence

- Powerful products
- Software from the practice for the practice
- Experience for more than 20 years

Creativity

- Graphic-oriented, with simple operation
- New ways to the integrated foundation engineering
- Short-term realization of customer wishes

Cost Awareness

- Online service around the clock
- Quick e-mail support
- Competent hotline and consulting
- Economy through permanent development

DC-Software - the software for soil engineering

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Powerful software, variable and configurable

Variable software

- Network-compatible programs
- Data and configuration directories selectable
- Header field free to configure
- Integration of a company logo:



Analyzed with DC-Software

Nail wall at the court building in Bolzano





- Filling of soil layers with freely defined colors and symbols with a symbol editor
- Extensive configuration options: line widths, colors, font sizes, font type

Internationally applicable

- Multilingual: user interface and output language to be selected differently, e.g. English user interface and German result output; French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Bulgarian, Romanian, Hungarian, Russian, Bosnian language available
- Support of different standards: Eurocode, DIN, OENORM, SIA, British Standard, Indian IS

Different data formats ■ Import of DXF, JPEG, TIFF and

DR.-ING. ORTH

- BMP
- Export of DXF, JPEG, ASCII
- Saving of data in MS Access format
- Import and export of SEP format



Analyzed with DC-Software Sheet pile walls at the Brenner base tunnel (Brixlegg)

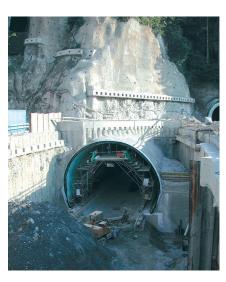


Analyzed with DC-Software Sheet pile walls at the Lenbach gardens in Munich

Access over Internet

- Download center for updates around the clock
- Download of demo versions over www.dc-software.com
- Simple orders in the web shop over www.dc-software.com

DC-Software in practice



Analyzed with DC-Software Bore pile and nail walls at the Brenner base tunnel (Brixlegg)

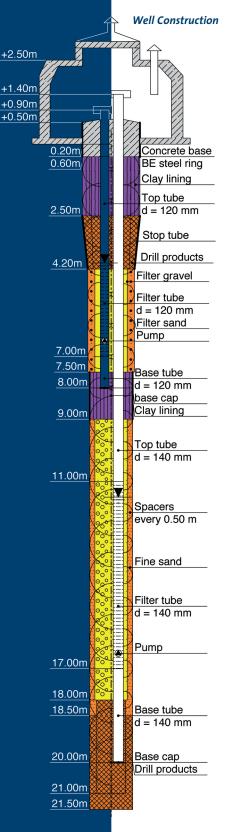


7

Analyzed with DC-Software Multi-step nail wall in Bolzano



Bore hole logs, Layer specifications Well and gauge sinking DCBORE



8

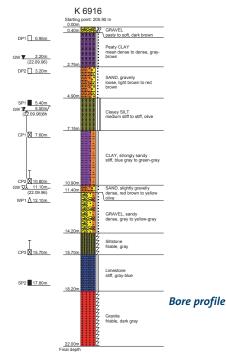
Bore profiles acc. to
 DIN 4023:2006, DIN EN ISO
 14688-1, OENORM B 4400-1,
 SN 640 034 and 670 008,
 British Standard BS 5930

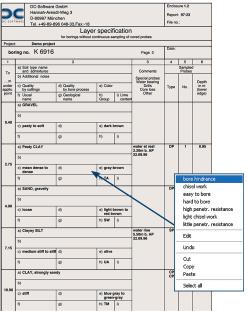
- Layer specification acc. to DIN EN 22 475-1, DIN 4022 and DIN 4943
- Well and piezometer display acc. to DIN 4943
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Geothermal borings with sounding cone and colored pipes

Functions

Bore hole logs:

- Layer input through short designations, immediate conversion into long text
- Free completion of the layer descriptions
- Samples and water levels (different types), soil group and soil class





Layer specification

- Complete symbol editor to define and modify all soil types, abbreviations and colors
- Layer specification: user-defined selection of font and font style (bold, italic), predefined texts with right mouse button

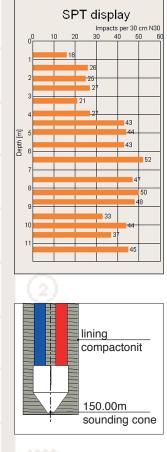
Level and well finish:

- Detailed graphic of level-head and/or well pit
- Any number of pipes (multi-level)
- All kinds of pipe types (extension pipe, different types of filter pipes, sump pipe, gauge pipe) incl. haunches
- User-defined fillings with symbol editor, any number of multi-fillings (counter filter), with block pipe or continuous sealing
- Spacers: different types

- Infill baskets, infill pipes, cementation items, packers
- Automatic labeling, optionally user-defined labeling

Operation

- Immediate graphical control of all input with zoom-function
- Most simple edit process by double-click in the graphic
- Extensive configuration options: abbreviations, long text, color, consistency, soil group, soil class, samples/water levels on/off, elevations etc.
- All kinds of page formats up to A0, customizable definition of the title block

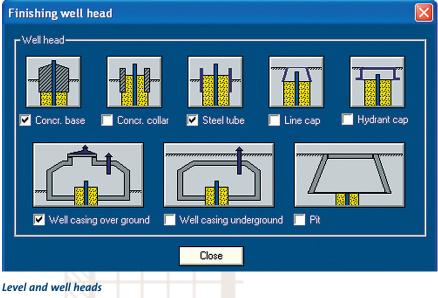


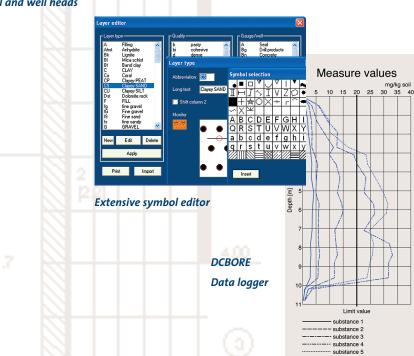
Standard penetration test acc. to EN ISO 22 476-3 and DIN 4094-2

		K 691 Heat extr acc. to guidelin	action		
		for 1800 annual operation hou		1.85 m	
No.	Soil type	Layer name	Thickness [m]	Spec. heat extraction[VV/m]	Heat extraction[VV]
1		Clayey PEAT	0.40	25.0	10.0
2		GRAVEL	2.35	25.0	58.8
3	2.3 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.4 4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 1 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1	Sandy SILT	11.60	35.0	406.0
4		Silty CLAY	4.15	35.0	145.3
5		Silty SAND	4.95	25.0 / 65.0 *	267.8
6		GRAVEL	7.75	65.0	503.8
7		SAND	8.35	65.0	542.8
8		GRAVEL	8.75	65.0	568.8
9		SAND	13.70	65.0	890.5
Total			62.00		3393.5
values a	above / below gr	ound water			

Determination of the heat extraction with DCBORE-Geotherm

Display of geothermal boring





access via Microsoft Access possible Graphics export to DXF format

Project-related database storage:

(AutoCAD)

Additional options

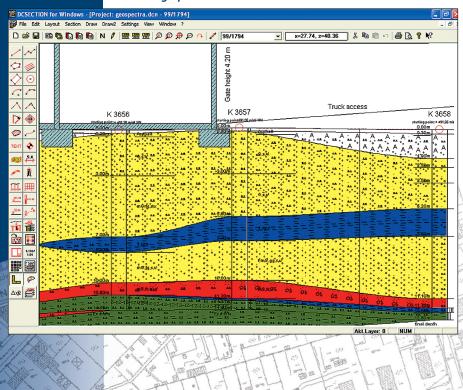
- DCBORE-Geotherm: Determination of the heat extraction acc. to VDI guideline 4640 directly from the bore profile
- DCSTAN: BDPs (SPT: Standard Penetration Test acc. to DIN 4094-2, EN ISO 22476-3)
- DCBORE-Data logger: measure values in a diagram along with the bore profile: lines/bars, linear/logarithmic
- DCBORE-LS2: Layer specification according to DIN 4022 Part 2 (borings in rock)
- DCBORE-LS3: Layer specification according to DIN 4022 Part 3 (taking cored samples)
- DCBORE-SEP: Import and export of bore data in SEP format
- DCBORE-ProfilTec: Import from GeoLogik ProfilTec Feldbuch



Geological sections and drill-point plans DCSECTION

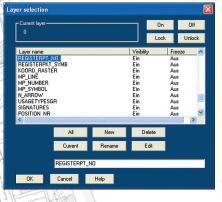
- Display of the soil layers acc. to DIN 4023:2006, OENORM B 4400-1, SN 640 034, British Standard BS 5930
- German, English, French, Romanian language

Section graphic



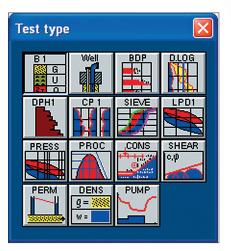
Site map function

- Creation of site maps (drill-point plans)
- Import from CAD through DXF or scanned plans through bitmaps, export of plans in DXF and JPEG format
- Support of blocks in DXF
- Complete layer management with switch on/off and freeze
- Edit with extensive CAD functions: lines, texts, polygons, intersection, symbols, dimension strings
- Optional graphical input with/without grid, snap and ruler tools or with the keyboard
- Customizable colors, line types, line widths, etc.
- Insert profiles, dynamic probe diagrams, etc. as symbols



15 16

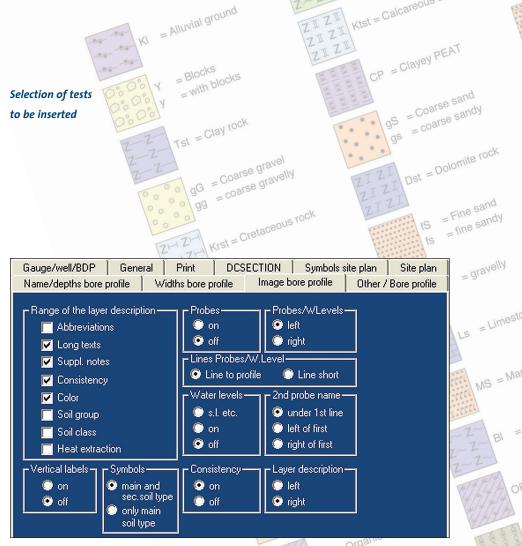




- Automatic, correct arrangement with coordinate values
- Draw sections as arbitrary polylines
- Auto-Section to create automatically a horizontal section with correct arrangement of positions and heights

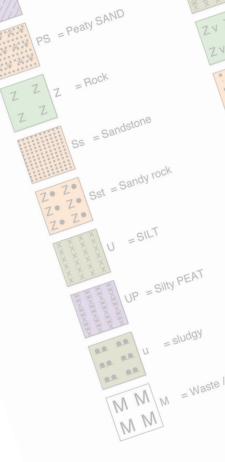
Horizontal sections

- Access to single tests of DCBORE, DCPROBE, etc.
- Data display from a database: each modification is immediately displayed in the plan
- Complete configuration of the test graphic with plan-related storage
- Automatic arrangement by height according to point of application
- Filling of layer areas of any shape: limitation by straight lines or curves (splines), filling with layer symbols and colors



Extensive configuration

- Integration of images through bitmaps, e.g. photographs
- Inserting plans into another plan: e.g. small site map into a horizontal section
- Additional functions like elevations, symbols, setting kilometers, scale, railway line
- Automatic legend of all soil types
- Plan formats from A4 to A0 and customizable formats
- Hardcopy tool for quick output of overviews and excerpts on A4
- Low-price DCSECTION basic version (without site map function, Auto-Section and additional functions)





Sieve and sedimentation analysis DCSIEVE

Silt Mediur Sand Medium Gravel Fine Coars lass 30 20 10 0.06 0.2 Grain size

Graphic as envelope

- Sieve and sedimentation analysis acc. to DIN 18 123-5 to 7, EN ISO/TS 17892-4, OENORM B 4412, SN 670 810c, 670 816a, 670 008a, 670 140b, 670 120d
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Use of any sieve sets
- Sedimentation with different areo-meters
- Any number of sieve lines on a page

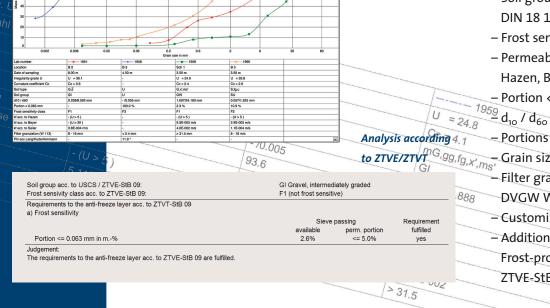
Several sieve lines

per page with

evaluation

- Optional graphic as envelope
- Limit lines and points according to ZTVT, ETV, DIN 4226, DIN 18035, TL-Min, ZTV SoB, TL SoB, TV-VEG, FLL, BMVBW ARS, DBS 918 061/062, SN 670 120d, SN 670 130, SN 670 119
- Determination of the sediment coefficients: Kurtosis, inclination, sorting etc.
- Detailed evaluations:
 - Irregularity grade U_c
 - Curvature coefficient C_c
 - Angle of internal friction acc. to Lang/Huder/Amann
 - Soil type, optionally with fine subdivision
 - Soil group according to DIN 18 196 / USCS
 - Frost sensitivity class
 - Permeability according to van Hazen, Beyer, Seiler, Kaubisch – Portion < 0,063 mm

- Portions to free grain sizes
- Grain sizes to free percent values
- Filter granulation according to
- DVGW W113 and Bieşke, u', fo
- Customizable label fields
- Addition DCSIEVE-ZTVE:
- Frost-proof analysis according to ZTVE-StB 09 and ZTVT-StB 95
 - 4.184E-005 3.635E-005 5.6 - 8 mm



Coarse

Dynamic probing tests **DCPROBE**

5 5.10 28 12 5.20 33

1 5.30 28

12 5.50 22 5.60 5.70 10

7 5.80 13 5.90 28 27

16 6.10 35

17 6.20

14 6.30 9 6.40

18 6.70 16 6.80

19 6.90

17 7.00

7.10 7.20 7.30 33 38 37

22 7.50 36 18 7.60 34

8.00

8.10 22 8.20

23 7.70

26 8.30

 26
 5.30

 28
 8.40

 26
 8.50

 22
 8.60

 17
 8.70

 27
 8.80

 28
 8.90

 25
 9.00

27 9.10 47

 4.10
 27
 5.10

 4.20
 29
 9.20
 42

 4.30
 32
 9.30
 39

 4.40
 28
 9.40
 44

 4.50
 16
 9.50
 46

 4.50
 12
 9.50
 48

 4.70
 18
 9.70
 60

 4.90
 47
 9.80
 79

17 9.80 70 15 9.90 80

25 9.00 44

9 19 17 6.50 6.60

18 21 15

18 6.00 34

32

34

27 24

26

29

31

30

32

39

43

39

41

33

41

0.40 22 5.40 26

0.20 0.30

0.50

0.80

1.00

1.10

1.20

1.30

1.50 1.60

1.70

1.80

1.90

2.00 2.10 2.20

2.30 17 7.40

2.40

2.50

2.60

2.90

3.10

3.20

3.30

3.40

3.50 3.60 3.70

3.80

3.90

4.00

4.10

4.80

- Dynamic probing tests acc. to EN ISO 22 476-2, DIN 4094-3, SN 670 417
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Blow counts input single or as a sum
- Sounding as a line, bars or filled bars, optionally with labeling
- Optional display of a table with blow counts
- Graphic of the skin friction, two lines possible (e.g. for arbitrary additional lines)
- Determination and display of the dynamic resistance
- Labels of the height of application and elevations
- Setting minimal and maximum diagram size
- ASCII and DXF interface, import from Geotool available

Cone penetration tests DCCONE

- Cone penetration tests acc. to EN ISO 22 476-1, DIN 4094-1
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Diagrams for end bearing, skin friction and friction ratio
- All diagrams are customizable, with free labels
- ASCII interface to import measure data available

√ 201.00m 200.00m , 199.00m , 198.00m ∇ ^{208.00m} <u>⊽</u> 207.00m ∇ ^{206.00}m

DPL-5/1

ina point: 207.65 m s.

nber of blows per 10 cm

Sta

Z07.00

√ 206.00m

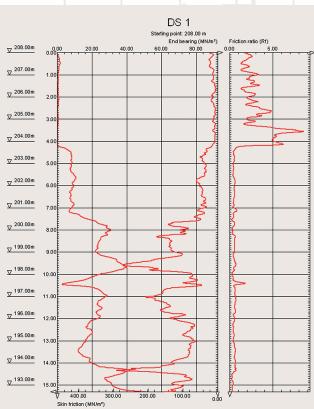
, 205.00m

√ 204.00m

, 203.00m

7 202.15m

Graphic with table of blow counts



Cone penetration test with 3 diagrams

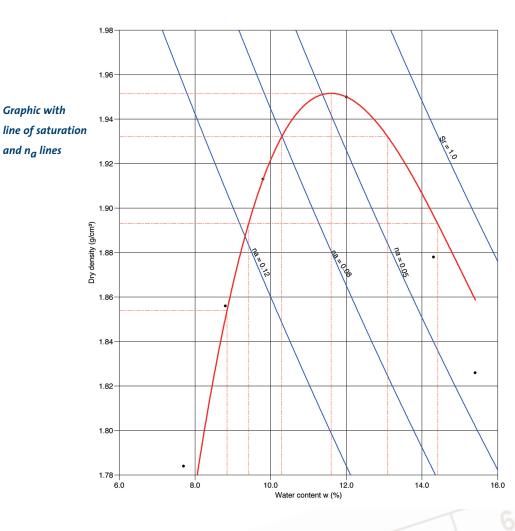


Load plate pressure test DCLOAD

DC-SOFIVARE					
	Load plate pres	scure test acc. to		lement s Soil pressure Set 0.01 mm in MN/m² in 7 0.250 20 0.120 31 0.000	tlement s Soil pressure Settlement s 0.01 mm in MN/m ² in 0.01 mm 113 0.080 81 95 0.160 88 75 0.240 97
			0.320	53	0.320 104
		670 317b, BS 1377-9	0.400 0.450	80 96	0.400 115 0.450 123
		sh, French language	0.500	128	
	Optional deter	4 F 0 00 0 0	25 0.30	0.35 0.40	0.45 0.50
	deformation m	iodulus E _v or			Presentation of the
	modulus of for	undation k _s	Loading as for the second s	orce / manometer	measure values
	Evaluation of E	v1 , Ev2 , Ev3, Ev2/Ev1,	reading or so	oil pressure,	
	comparison wi	th obligatory values	settlement ir	n mm or 1/100 mm	
	Input of measu	rement with	Optional disp	play with measure	
	1 or 3 gauges		values		
	50.0		Adjustable m	ninimal range for the	
			diagram		
			diagram		
Max. Sigma ₁ Curv	ve Parametera,	Parameter a ₂	Ev	Plate d = 300 mm	Evaluation
0.500 1	-0.26	5.18	E _{v1} = 96.8 MN/m ²	$\frac{E_{v2}}{E_{v1}} = 2.13$	
0.500 2	0.66	0.87	E _{v2} = 206.3 MN/m ²	E v1	
Requirement:	E _{v2} >= 200.0 MN/m ²	E _{v2} /E _{v1} <= 2.50	fulfilled: yes		
	Compre	ssion test		Oedometer t	est acc. to
				EN ISO/TS 17	892-5
	DCPRES	S		German, Eng	lish, French language
					e or soil pressure,
			Loading (MN/r	mil cettlement i	n mm or 1/100 mm
		0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.08 0.1	0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50	Logarithmic	
	1.0			U U	
				Evaluation o	
	2.0			areas for the	
	3.0			compressibil	
				Optional pre	
	4.0			measure valu	Jes
	5.0			📃 🔎 Adjustable m	ninimal range for
	6.0			the diagram	i'm l
					finition
	7.0				Dem
	8.0				ellie
	- 9.0				- Neason
	eldi				10.
	et 10.0 94 10.0			-	L'initia M
	е 11.0				Huit
	Curve 120				
Max. Sigma,		Coefficients of compressibility (MN/m ³)		E Pressure-Settleme	nteLineoo mm
	1 Loading 0.10 - 0.20	1 2 7.12 10.22		$\frac{106.8 \text{ MH}/\text{m}^2}{0.6.3 \text{ MH}/\text{m}^2} = \frac{\text{E}_{32}}{\text{E}_{33}} = 1$	2.13
	2 0.20 - 0.40 0.40 - 0.60	10.93 16.95 25.00		0 000 HHHHHH	1 nass
	- 14 E _{v2} >= 20	0.0 MN/m ² E _{v2} /E _{v1}	<= 2.50 fi	ulfilled: yes	Definition Neasure Humid P 2:13

Proctor test DCPROC

- Proctor test acc. to DIN 18 127, SN 670 330b
- German, English, French language
- Variable number of measurements
- Optional input through trim height measurements
- Simple or corrected proctor test
- Evaluation of proctor density and optimum water content
- Evaluation with any percent values: w_{min}, w_{max}
- Graphic of the line of saturation, additionally with customizable n_a lines
- Optional presentation of the measure values
- Water contents in % or decimal
- Any number of tests per page to get an overview



		100 %		99.0 %	97.0 %	95.0 %
Proctor density	:	1.952 g/cm³	Density (g/cm³)	1.932	1.893	1.854
Optimal water content	:	11.60 %	wmin (%)	10.29	9.42	8.85
Natural water content	:	20.00 %	wmax(%)	13.09	14.41	

Definition of the humid density								
Measurement no.		1	2	3	4	5	6	
Humid probe+cylinder	(g)	14619	14837	15014	15200	15117	15030	
Mass cylinder	(g)	10375	10375	10375	10375	10375	10375	
Mass humid probe	(g)	4244	4462	4639	4825	4742	4655	
Probe volume	(cm ³)	2209	2209	2209	2209	2209	2209	
Humid density (g	g/cm³)	1.921	2.020	2.100	2.184	2.147	2.107	
Definition of the water c	ontent							
Humid probe+container	(g)	5394.0	5562.0	5719.0	6175.0	5942.0	5755.0	
Dry probe + container	(g)	5091.0	5201.0	5305.0	5658.0	5349.0	5134.0	
Mass container	(g)	1150.0	1100.0	1080.0	1350.0	1200.0	1100.0	
Mass pore water	(g)	303.0	361.0	414.0	517.0	593.0	621.0	
Mass dry probe m	(g)	3941.0	4101.0	4225.0	4308.0	4149.0	4034.0	
Water content w	(%)	7.7	8.8	9.8	12.0	14.3	15.4	
Dry density Q_d (g	g/cm³)	1.784	1.856	1.913	1.950	1.878	1.826	

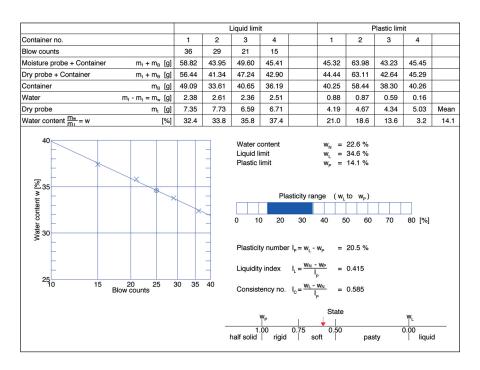
Evaluation

Presentation of the measure values

Presentation of the



Consistency limits DCCONS

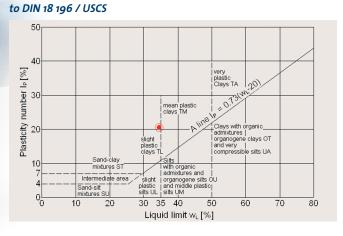


Detailed evaluations

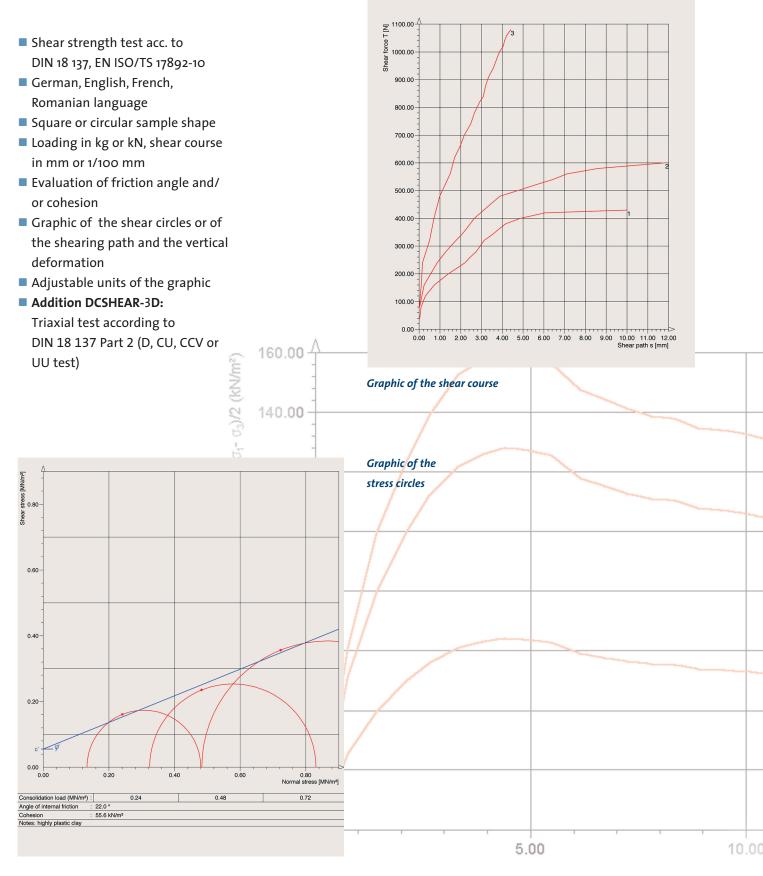
- Atterberg's consistency limits acc. to DIN 18 122, EN ISO/TS 17892-12,
 - OENORM B 4411, SN 670 345a
- German, English, French,
 - Romanian language
- Determination of liquid and plastic limits
- Plasticity range and state form

Soil group according

- Plasticity index I_P and consistency index I_c
- Optional single-point or multi-point approach
- Consideration of the oversize grain
- Water content, oversize grain and evaluation optionally in % or decimal
- Arrangement in the soil group according to DIN 18 196 / USCS
- Optional predefinition of correction factors



Shear strength test DCSHEAR





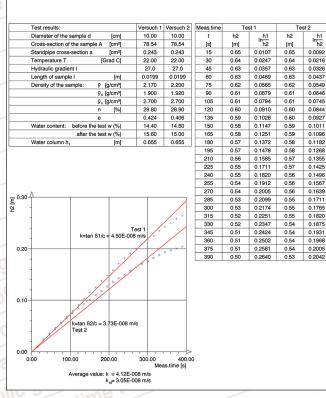
Density Water content **DCDENS**

- Density acc. to DIN 18 125, EN ISO/TS 17892-2
- Water content acc. to DIN 18 121. EN ISO/TS 17892-1, SN 670 340b
- German, English, French language
- Printout for density and water content together or separately
- Water content with 2 or 4 measures
- Optionally with comparison to the degree of compaction from the proctor test

-			2 Water con		ent (g)	= 8		
		Nat	ural water conte	nt w _n [%]	3.08			
	Density	Dei	nsity of moist soi	l [g/cm³]	1.614			
		Dei	nsity of dry soil [g/cm³]	1.566			
		100	1% Proctor densi	ty	2.010			
	Compaction	min/max water content			15.20 / 18.4	40		
	Compaction	req. degree of compaction			95.0			
		obt	. degree of comp	action	77.9			
		Gra	mular density γ_s		2.670			
			1-n		0.59			
	Coefficients	Por	e content n		0.41			
		Por	e ratio ε		0.71			
		Sat	uration ratio S _r		0.12			

Bowlino.

Permeability test **DCPERM**



Analysis of mixed-grained soils acc. DIN 18130 - KD - ES - ST - SB

Evaluation with balancing straight line

Permeability test acc. to DIN 18 130, EN ISO/TS 17892-11 German, English, French language

= 453.70 g

= 446.18 a

7.52 g

445.70 g

= 437.48 g

22 g

Bowl and sample dry [g] Bowl weight

Dry sample G

Bowl weight

Dry sample G

Water content

Density and coefficients

Bowl and sample dry

[9]

(g)

[%]

[g]

[g]

(g)

[%]

Water content

Bowl and sample moist [g]

Bowl and sample dry [g]

Bowl and sample moist [g]

Bowl and sample dry [g]

[g]

Water content

= 446.18 g

= 190.40 a

= 255.78 g

= 182.55 g

= 254.93 a

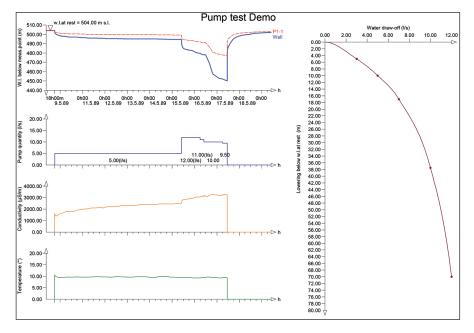
= 3.22 % 3 08 %

5 types of tests according to DIN 18 130:

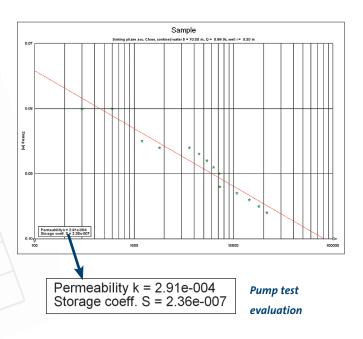
- mixed-grained soils according to DIN 18 130 - KD - ES - ST - SB
- coarse-grained soils according to DIN 18 130 - ZY - MS - MZ
- mixed-grained soils according to DIN 18 130 - TX - DE - MZ - SB
- fine-grained soils according to DIN 18 130 - TX - DE - KP - UO
- coarse-grained soils according to DIN 18 130 - ZY - ES - ST
- 3 types acc. to EN ISO/TS 17892-11:
- Falling hydraulic head
 - Constant hydraulic head
- Triaxial cell
- Customizable number of measurements
- Output of all test data in a table

Pump test graphic and evaluation DCPUMP

- German, English, French language
- Curve of sinking in the well
- up to 9 pertaining gauge levels in the diagram
- up to 9 customizable diagrams below (pumping capacity, conductivity, temperature, pH-value, ...)
- Optionally with capacity diagram
- Listing of all measure values
- Data logger as an addition for the import of measure data: Hydrotechnik, Ott, Seba, Aquitronic, CSM, ASCII or MS Excel with filter function



Pump test graphic

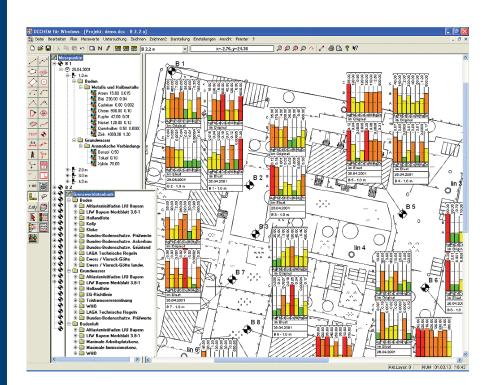


Option DCPUMP-Evaluation

- Unconfined or confined aquifer
- Evaluation of the curve of sinking according to Chow/Jakob
- Evaluation of the re-rising according to Theis
- Evaluation of a stationary state according to Thiem (well - gauge level)
- Simple switching of points on/off
- Customizable ranges of measure values
- Determination of the permeability (k) or transmissivity (S)



Display of old load survey DCCHEM



Comparison of the measure values with the limit values

Arsen Blei Cadmium Chrom Kupfer Nickel Quecksilber Zink	(Pb) (Cd) (Cr) (Cu) (Ni) (Hg)	in mg/kg in mg/kg in mg/kg in mg/kg in mg/kg in mg/kg in mg/kg	- 10.00 - 100.00 - 10.00 - 50.00 - 100.00 - 2.00 - 500.00	- 50.00 - 500.00 - 500.00 - 1000.00 - 500.00 - 500.00 - 10.00 - 2500.00	> 50.00 > 500.00 > 500.00 > 1000.00 > 500.00 > 500.00 > 500.00 > 2500.00))))
Unters	suchun	g von Boden:	Metalle und H	Halbmetalle in		(Lfvv)
Arsen Blei Cadmium Chrom Kupfer Nickel Quecksilber Zink	(Pb) (Cd) (Cr) (Cu) (Ni) (Hg)	in mg/l in mg/l in mg/l in mg/l in mg/l in mg/l in mg/l	- 0.01 - 0.03 - 0.01 - 0.05 - 0.05 - 0.05 - 0.00 - 0.50	- 0.04 - 0.10 - 0.02 - 0.20 - 0.20 - 0.20 - 0.20 - 0.00 - 2.00	> 0.04 > 0.10 > 0.02 > 0.20 > 0.20 > 0.20 > 0.20 > 0.00 > 2.00	
Grenzwertliste _fW = LfW		n Merkblatt 3.8	3-1			

Detailed legend

Untersuchung von Boden: Metalle und Halbmetalle im Original

- Editing site maps with import and export of DXF from the CAD
- Support of blocks in DXF
- Complete layer management with switch on/off and freeze
- Inserting images and scanned plans through bitmaps
- Editing with extensive CAD tools: lines, texts, polygons, intersection, symbols, dimension strings
- Optional graphical input with/ without grid, snap and ruler tools or with the keyboard
- Limit values database with detailed lists of limit and directing values, freely extendable

Graphic with color areas **B** 8

B 9

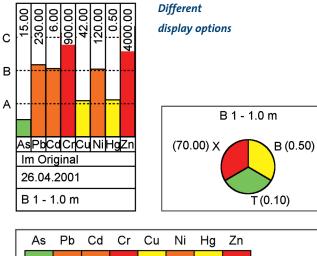
- Input of measure values arranged according to date, point of measuring, depth, types and groups, structured with customizable material lists
- Clear tree structure for all measure results
- Selection in order to display on different plans through different material lists
- Different display options: boxes, circles, beams
- Optional graphic of distributions with elevation lines or color areas
- Automatic legend for all graphics incl. limit values
- Data base storage in Microsoft Access format, interface to MS Excel

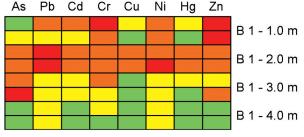
Plan formats from A4 to A0 and customizable formats

2880-

13

 Hardcopy tool for quick output of surveys and excerpts on A4





lin O



Glow loss DCGLOW

Behälter Nr.				1	2	3
Masse der ungeglühten Probe m	it Behälter	m _d + m _B	g	134.09	134.55	133.06
Masse der geglühten Probe mit	Behälter	m _{gl} +m _B	g	131.49	132.16	130.43
Masse des Behälter		m _e	g	72.18	73.04	71.97
Massenverlust (m _d + m _B) - (m _{gl} + r	n _e)	Δm_{gl}	g	2.60	2.39	2.63
Trockenmasse des Bodens vor $(m_d + m_p) - m_p$	dem Glühen	m _d	g	61.91	61.51	61.09
Glühverlust $V_{gl} = \frac{\Delta m_{gl}}{m_d}$		V_{gl}	1	0.042	0.039	0.043
Glühverlust: Mittelwert		V _{gl}	1		0.041	

- Glow loss acc. to DIN 18 128
- Determination of the mass loss and glow loss
- Output of all test data in a table

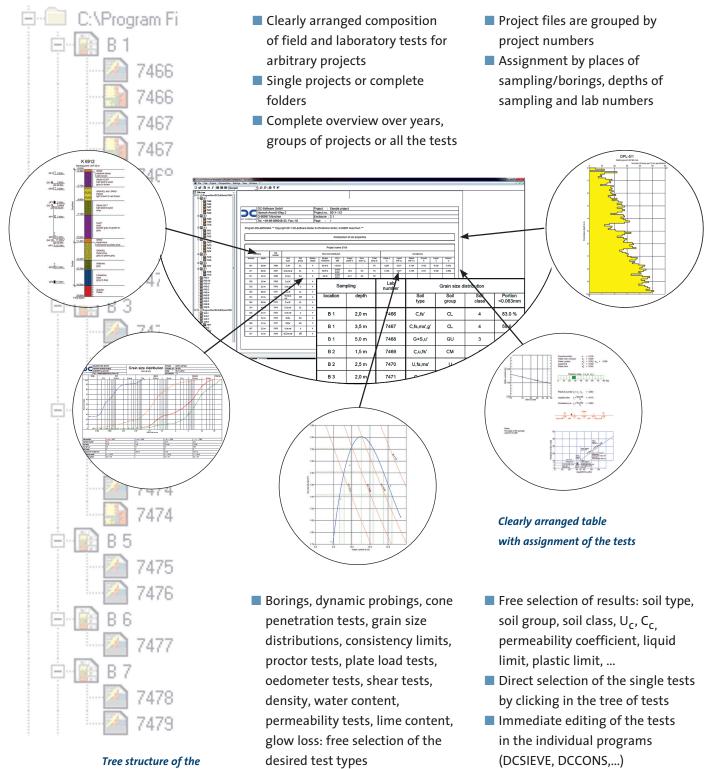


Lime content DCLIME

Trockenmasse der Probe	m _d	g	0.75
Temperatur	Т	Grad	21.90
absoluter Luftdruck	P _{abs}	kPa	102.50
Gasvolumen für Calcit-Anteil	V' _G	cm ³	42.00
Gasvolumen	V _G	cm ³	82.30
Volumen des Gases	V ₀	cm ³	76.78
Masse Karbonatanteil	m _{ca}	g	0.345
Kalkgehalt	$V_{Ca} = \frac{m_{Ca}}{m_d}$		0.460
Volumen des CO ₂ -Gases	V' ₀	cm ³	39.18
Masse Calcitanteil	m' _{Ca}	g	0.176
Calcitanteil	$V'_{Ca} = \frac{m'_{Ca}}{m_d}$		0.235
Dolomitanteil	V'' _{Ca} = V _{Ca} - V' _{Ca}		0.225

- Lime content acc. to DIN 18 129
- Determination of carbon portion and lime content
- Optionally calcite portion and dolomite portion
- Output of all test data in a table

Integrated soil mechanics DCLABTEGRA

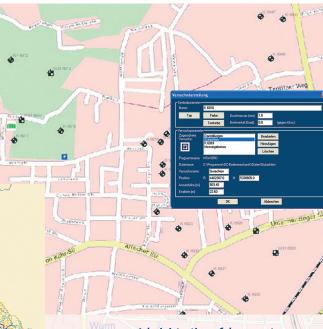


test assignments

Composition of masses for the billing



Administration of bore hole logs in maps DCGIS



Administration of documents

Imported DXF map of Bavaria

- Administration of all bore hole logs and other tests on an overview plan
- Create project maps e.g. as a cut-out with selection of tests
- High-quality maps from Germany map down to city map level, additionally Austria and Switzerland
- Import of maps from land surveying offices, via DXF or of picture files possible
- Insertion of bore hole logs via Gauss-Krueger coordinates or graphical positioning
- Administration of different types of documents (Word, Excel, PDF, photos, ...) at the bore hole positions (document management)
- Standard maps for one federal state included with the program
- High-quality TeleAtlas maps for the complete area of Germany/ Austria/Switzerland available

- Automatic geo-referencing in Gauss-Krueger or Scout-Cylinder coordinates
- Import of geo-referenced DXF maps (e.g. topological maps)
- Import of any type of maps as picture files (BMP, TIFF, JPEG) and DXF plans with subsequent geo-referencing
- Automatic transfer of all bore hole logs from the program DCBORE
- Optional setting of bore hole logs into the map and transfer of the coordinates to DCBORE
- Recall of available bore hole logs directly from the map by double click
- Supply of map cut-outs to DCBORE for the header sheet of the layer specification: automatic incorporation for all borings with Gauss-Krueger coordinates

Complete support with all 3 Design Approaches for any country DC-Foundation with Eurocode 7

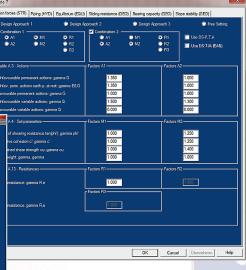
Predefined settings for the proposed values acc. to Eurocode 7, for Germany (DIN EN 1997-1 / DIN 1054:2010), Austria (OENORM B 1997-1-1), France (NF EN 1997-1), Great Britain (BS EN 1997-1), Italy (UNI EN 1997-1 / NTC 2008) and Spain (UNE EN 1997-1)



Selection of the predefined countries and free setting

pcode 2	
Concrete - Minimur	n/maximum reinforcement
Concrete - General	Concrete - Shear design
Shear resistance V,Rd,c: EN 1992	2-1-1, 6.2.2
Coefficient C,Rd,c (6.2 a)	0.180 /gamma,C
Coefficient k1 (6.2 a,b)	0.150
Coefficient nue,min (6.3) = 0.03	5 "k** 1.500 *sqrt(f,ck)
	up to a thickness d [mm] = 99999.0
if required: factor for nue.min	0.035 over d [mm] = 99999.0
Strut inclination: EN 1992-1-1, 6.2.	
Minimum value for cot(theta)	1.000
Maximum value for cot(theta)	2.500
Maximum value for cot(theta) with	put tension 2.500
- Shear resistance V,Rd,max: EN 19	992-1-1, 6.2.3
Coefficient nue,1 (6.6) = 0.60) *(1.000 -f,ck/ 250.000)
<= 9999	9.0 (Maximum value)
Coefficient alpha.cw 1.00	
ОК	Cancel Apply Help

- Easy selection by the flag, all the settings of the corresponding National Annex are predefined automatically
- Free selections for any country:



Free setting of the Design Approach and safety factors

- election of the national standard
 - Selection of the Design Approach (e.g. 1 for Great Britain, 2 for C county Germany/France, 3 for slope
 - stability in Germany)
 Number of the combinations to be calculated (two for Design Approach 1, one for Design
 - Approach 2 and 3)
 Groups of partial safety factors for actions (A1, A2), soil parameters (M1, M2) and resistances (R1, R2, R3, for piles R4)
 - Design situations DS-P, DS-T, DS-A and DS-T/A (EAB) if required (Germany)
 - Values of the safety factors, e.g.
 1.35/1.50/1.40 for permanent/ variable actions and passive earth
 Pressure

UNE EN 1993

Design acc. to Eurocode 2 and 3

Predefined setting for the proposed values acc. to Eurocode 2 and 3, for Germany
 (DIN EN 1992 / DIN EN 1993), Austria (OENORM B 1992 / OENORM B 1993), France
 (NF EN 1992 / NF EN 1993), Great Britain (BS EN 1992 / BS EN 1993), Italy (UNI EN 1992 / UNI EN 1993) and Spain (UNE EN 1992 / UNE EN 1993)

Free definition of the national determined parameters

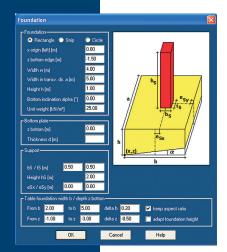
Automatically or choose freely: Design of reinforced concrete acc. to Eurocode 2: Verifications for bending, punching, shear, minimum/maximum reinforcement and

- non-reinforced concrete depending on the program
- Steel design acc. to Eurocode 3: Verifications for bending and shear, stability (buckling) as well as sheet pile walls and piles acc. to Eurocode 3-5
- Input for any National Annex





Bearing capacity analysis DC-Bearing



- Bearing capacity analysis acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 4017:2006, OENORM B 4435-2, SIA 267, Terzaghi and Brinch Hansen
- Analysis with partial safety factors or global safety
- German, English, French, Romanian, Bosnian language
- Rectangular, strip and circular footings

- Several load cases, eccentric and inclined loads
- Different excavation conditions are possible
- Variable layering, calculation with weighted soil layer parameters (no limitation to +/- 5°)
- Inclined foundation base possible
- Water levels in order to consider the lift

Table of

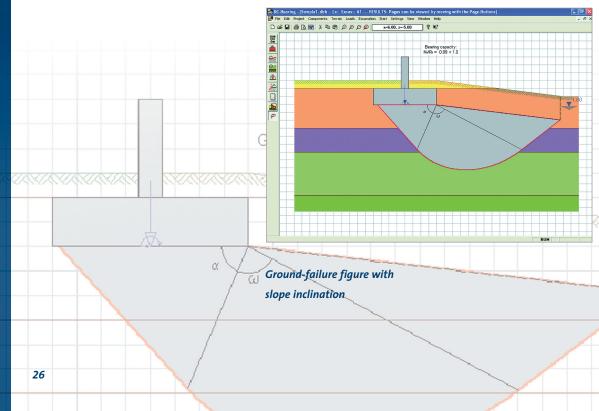
footing widths

Footing input

- Graphic of support/wall and foundation slab
- Slopes through ground inclination coefficients
- Calculation of the limit load, permissible load or safety factor
- Table for different footing widths and depths
- Graphic with view, plan view and unit of failure

Width	Equivalent	Unit weight	Unit weight	Friction	Cohesion	Failure	Safety
Found.	width	γ.	γ.	ø	с	load V _b	
[m]	[m]	[kN/m3]	[kN/m³]	[°]	[kN/m2]	[kN]	η
2.00	1.84	18.25	12.88	29.56	1.74	1837.13	0.43
2.20	2.04	18.25	12.76	28.62	2.10	2094.91	0.49
2.40	2.24	18.25	12.63	28.07	2.38	2443.71	0.56
2.60	2.44	18.25	12.53	27.69	2.61	2857.51	0.66
2.80	2.64	18.25	12.48	27.41	2.81	3330.64	0.76
3.00	2.84	18.25	12.43	27.14	2.99	3833.07	0.8
3.20	3.04	18.25	12.38	26.82	2.89	4262.34	0.9
3.40	3.24	18.25	12.31	26.44	2.60	4606.33	1.02
3.60	3.45	18.25	12.23	26.08	2.47	4998.55	1.10
3.80	3.65	18.25	12.16	25.67	2.40	5383.13	1.1
4.00	3.85	18.25	12.08	25.34	2.36	5844.39	1.26
4.20	4.05	18.25	12.00	25.10	2.33	6381.23	1.30
4.40	4.25	18.25	11.92	24.87	2.32	6950.79	1.46
4.60	4.45	18.25	11.84	24.68	2.30	7568.14	1.5
4.80	4.66	18.25	11.76	24.51	2.29	8232.16	1.69
5.00	4.86	18.25	11.69	24.37	2.29	8958.69	1.82

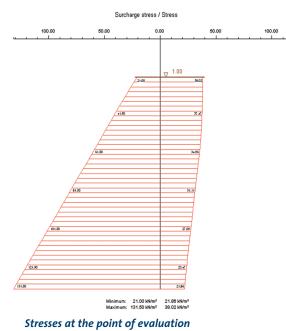
Failure load and safeties with different foundation depths and widths

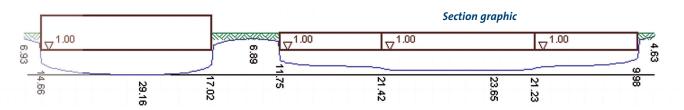


Settlement analysis DC-Settle

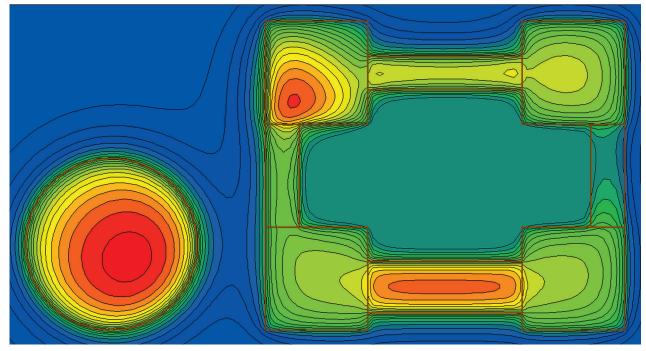
- Settlement analysis acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 4019, SIA 267
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Arbitrary number of foundations with mutual influence
- Flexible or rigid load areas
- Variable layering with stiffness modulus
- Variable soil layer input through bore points with interpolated layering for intermediate points

- Water level in order to consider the lift
- Different load cases with concentrated, distributed loads and moments
- Graphic of the settlement course in the terrain with elevation lines or color areas
- Customizable sections through the terrain
- Interactive display of settlements at any position
- Evaluation points with stress diagram



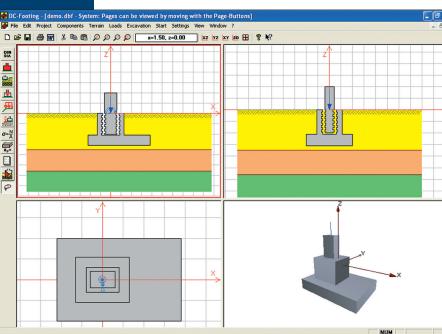


Settlement course with color areas





Design of footings DC-Footing



4 window display with selectable views (xz, yz) and top view, 3D view

- Analysis of single, strip and circular footings, block and sleeve footings
- German, English, French, Romanian, Hungarian language
- Automatic load case superposition acc. to Eurocode 0, SIA 260 for the design
- Load cases acc. to DIN 1054:2010 for foundation engineering verifications
- Design of reinforced concrete acc. to Eurocode 2, DIN 1045-1, OENORM B 4700, SIA 262 and British Standard BS 8110
- Design for bending, shear force, punching and foundation sleeve
- Excavation stages with different bonding and slopes on 4 sides
- Calculation of the highest-loaded quarter for the punching design with eccentric loads

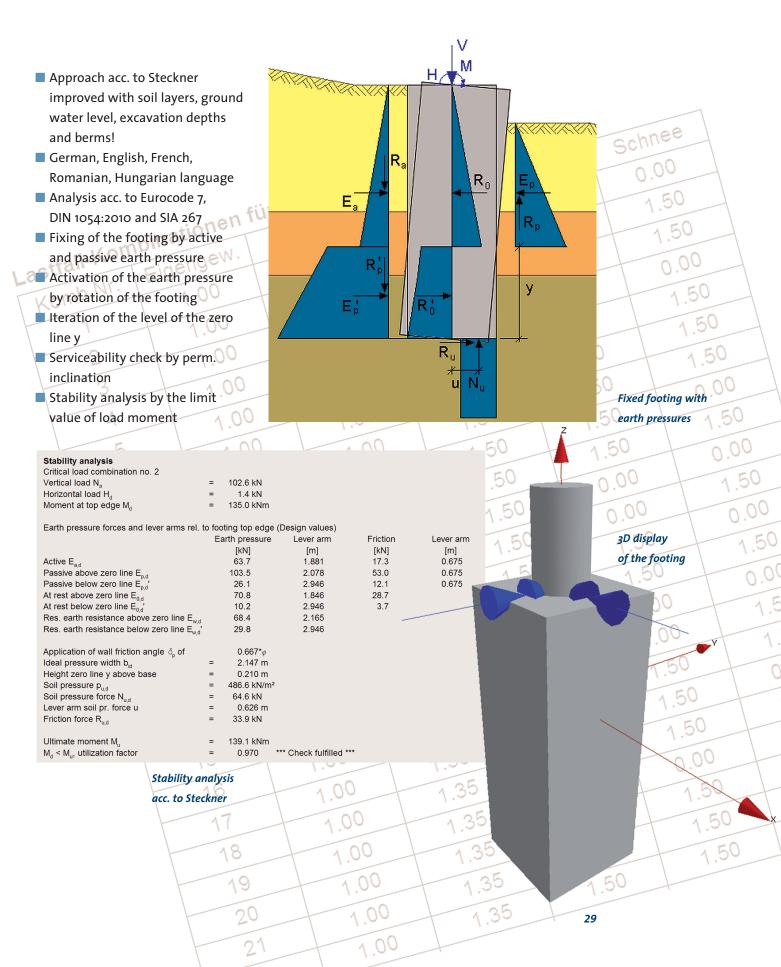
		T₀/R₀	N _a /R _a	[mm]	[cm ²]	[cm ²]	[cm²]	[cm ²]	
			0.00	0.10	0.8	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
			0.12	0.17	1.2	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
N	M		0.10	0.31	2.2	21.9	16.5	0.0	0.0
4	176.3	182.4	0.04	0.26	1.9	17.6	16.5	0.0	0.0
5	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.31	2.2	20.6	16.5	0.0	0.0
6	78.7	80.9	0.00	0.11	0.8	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
7	96.1	122.4	0.12	0.19	1.2	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
8	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.32	2.2	23.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
9	176.3	182.4	0.04	0.27	1.9	19.1	16.5	0.0	0.0
10	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.32	2.2	22.1	16.5	0.0	0.0
11	78.7	80.9	0.00	0.10	0.8	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
12	96.1	122.4	0.12	0.18	1.2	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
13	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.32	2.2	21.8	16.5	0.0	0.0
14	176.3	182.4	0.04	0.27	1.9	17.5	16.5	0.0	0.0
15	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.32	2.2	20.5	16.5	0.0	0.0
16	78.7	80.9	0.00	0.11	0.8	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
17	96.1	122.4	0.12	0.20	1.2	12.4	16.5	0.0	0.0
18	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.33	2.2	23.3	16.5	0.0	0.0
19	176.3	182.4	0.04	0.28	1.9	19.0	16.5	0.0	0.0
20	187.0	211.8	0.10	0.33	2.2	22.0	16.5	0.0	0.0
Critical res	ults:								
	Normal base pr. [kN/m²]	max. base pressure [kN/m²]	Sliding T₀/R₀	Bear.cap. N₀/R₀	max. settlement [mm]	A _{¢x} bottom [cm²]	Α _ν bottom [cm²]	A _{sx} top [cm²]	A _{¢y} top [cm²]
	187.0	211.8	0.12	0.33	2.2	23.4	16.5	0.0	0.0

^e Sliding Bear.cap. max. A_{6.x} A_{5.y} A_{6.x} A_{6.y} A_{6.x} A_{6.y} top

- Foundation engineering verifications: overturning, stability, bearing capacity, soil pressure and settlement acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 1054:1976 and SIA 267
- Automatic optimization of the footing geometry (width and depth)
- Extensive compilation of all load case combinations or short print
- Selection of the desired graphics: side views, top view and/or 3D view

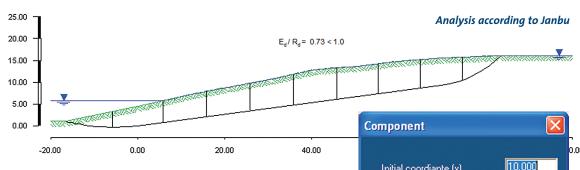
Result output in table form

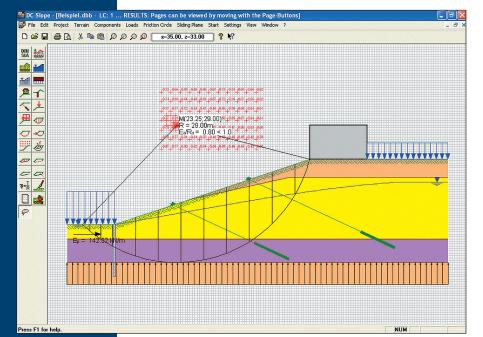
Analysis of fixed pylon footings DC-Footing/Pylon





Slope stability and ground failure DC-Slope

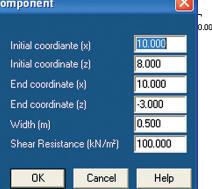




Analysis according

to Krey-Bishop

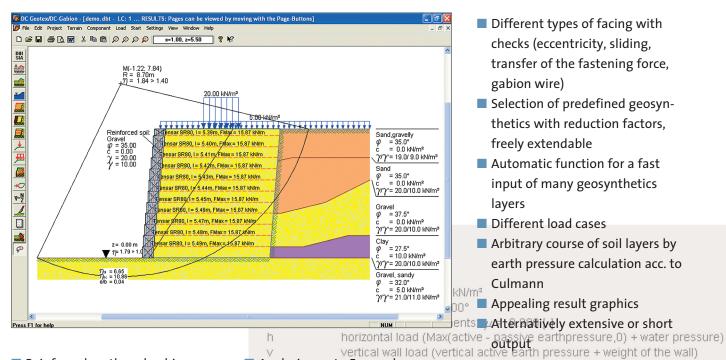
- Slope stability and ground failure acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 4084, SIA 267
- Analysis with partial safety factors or with global safety
- German, English, French, Italian, Romanian, Russian language
- Approach according to Krey-Bishop (friction circle) and Janbu (arbitrary slip planes)
- Free terrain and layer course
- Ground water and seepage course
- Different load cases with concentrated and distributed loads, dead and live loads



Definition of components

- Earthquake loads
- Consideration of anchors and grouted piles
- Optional iteration of the anchor lengths in order to obtain the required safety
- Application of buildings (weight) and components (shear force)
- Pore-water pressure and excess pressure
- Impermeable layers with artesian water pressure
- Iteration of center and/or radius, optionally with predefined range
- Automatic determination of the minimal safety
- Free lamellae arrangement
- Optional predefinition of a fixed point

Analysis of Reinforced Earth with geosynthetics and gabions DC-Geotex/DC-Gabion

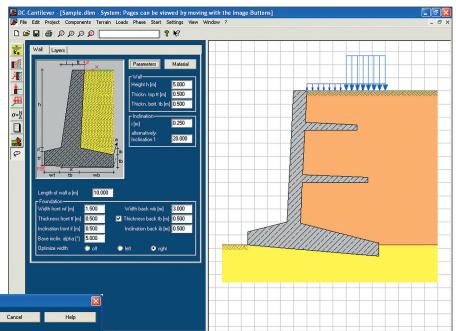


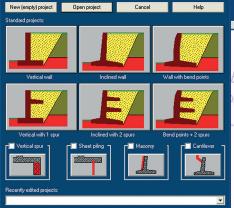
- Reinforced earth and gabions
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Analysis of Reinforced Earth with geosynthetics based on EBGEO with partial safety factors (DC-Geotex)
- Analysis of gabions etc. acc. to the bulletin on supporting structures from concrete elements, layered blocks and gabions (DC-Gabion)
- Analysis acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, Statz 6 gainst sliding F at = N* MQ British Standard BS 8006 e = M/N

Calculation of the required	Q	M	А	F₅GL	е		e ir
geosynthetids/lengths12] [KN]	[KN]	[kNm]	[KN]		[cm]		core
Check of the internal stability	0.00	0.00			0.00	<	50/6
0.59 5.50 3.00 12.50 -3.82	-1.06	-0.15	2.39 <	< F _{adm}	4.03	<	50/6
using the block sliding approac	n _{1.32}	-0.15		0.54 < 1.50	4.30	<	50/6
Check of the external stability:		-0.16		< F _{adm}	1.54	<	50/6
- Safety against overturning 0.50 4.50 7.62 12.50 16.30	1.75	-0.16		1.11 < 1.50	1.59	<	50/6
0.50 4.50 7.62 12.50 -16.30	-2.15	-0.22	4.55 -	< F _{adm}	1.33	<	50/6
		-0.22		1.34 < 1.50	1.36	<	50/6
-OSafety.againsticliding -22.55	-2.70	-0.26	5.65 -	< F _{adm}	1.15	<	
0.45 4.00 10.54 12.50 -21.99 - Bearing capacity 0.40 3.50 12.30 12.50 -28.80	2.92	-0.26		1.51 > 1.50	1.18		50/6
	-3.32	-0.32	6.97 -	< F _{adm}	1.11	<	50/6
-0 Яреззаріцу я 12.50-28.11					1.14		50/6
Check of the wrap around lengt					0.93		50/6
and of the earth pressure on the earth pressure of the earth pressure on the earth press	1e ^{3.74}	-0.32		1.83 > 1.50	0.95		50/6
10.30 2.50 20.51 12.50 41.29					1.12		50/6
facing 2.50 21.18 12.50 -40.27					1.15	<	50/6
0.25 2.00 23.16 12.50-47.61					0.88	<	50/6
0.25 2.00 23.80 12.50-46.54				1.85 > 1.50	0.90		50/6
0.20 1.50 25.70 12.50-54.00					2.02		50/6
				0.89 < 1.50	2.09		50/6
0.15 1.00 28.19 12.50-59.66					-2.09		50/6
0.15 1.00 28.80 12.50-60.44	-10.43	1.25		1.16 < 1.50	-2.06	<	50/6



Analysis of cantilever walls DC-Cantilever





Different wall types

- Analysis acc. to Eurocode 7,
 DIN 1054:2010, DIN 4085, SIA 267,
 OENORM B 4434
 German, English, French,
 Romanian, Bosnian language
 - Design of reinforced concrete acc. to Eurocode 2, DIN 1045-1, DIN 1045, SIA 262, OENORM B 4700 and British Standard BS 8110
 - Optimization of the footing width, alternatively at the supported or valley side: calculation of the width for which all checks are fulfilled
 - Stability checks: overturning, stability, sliding, bearing capacity, slope stability, check of soil

15.73 kN/m² 0.00 kN/m²

- 0.00 11.28 kN/m 0.00 0.00 kN/m pressure and settlement
 - Variable soil layers
 - Consideration of a backfill

- Application of compaction earth pressure
- Different earth pressure application (active, increased active, at rest) for the wall design and stability checks
- Exact application of the substitutional wall at the footing spur with ϑ_a'
- Check of the safety for slope stability
- Most simple use by input of the sizes by keyboard, double click on wall points or dragging with the mouse
- High-quality result output with integration of the result graphics

0.00 kN/m² 0.00 kN/m²

Analysis of soil nailings DC-Nail

- Analysis of soil nailings acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 1054:1976, SIA 267
- Design of the shotcrete wall acc. to Eurocode 2, DIN 1045-1, DIN 1045, OENORM B 4700, SIA 262, BS 8110
- Analysis with partial safety factors or with global safety
- German, English, French, Italian,
 Spanish language
- Analysis according to the general block sliding approach
- Determination of the internal and external stability
- Earth pressure calculation according to Culmann for arbitrary ground and soil layer courses
- Customizable wall course with grading
- Free ground-water courses
- Arbitrary excavation conditions with automatic generation, unlimited number of nail rows, optional earth-pressure redistribution
- Load cases with concentrated and distributed loads

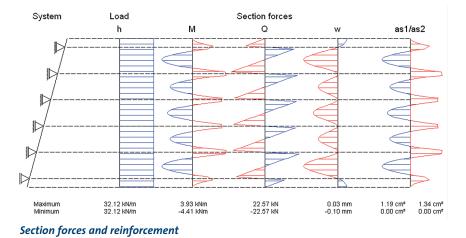
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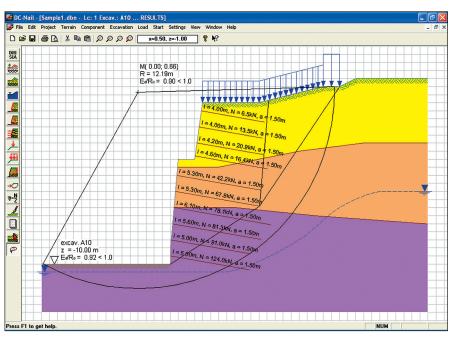
21

4.49

13.48

- Determination of the nail forces and safeties
- Calculation of the nail lengths and diameters
- Design of the shotcrete wall optionally as slab or continuous girder
- Punching design at the nail-head plate
- Stability analysis: bearing capacity and slope stability analysis
- Graphical display: excavations and load cases, nail geometry, section forces, reinforcement





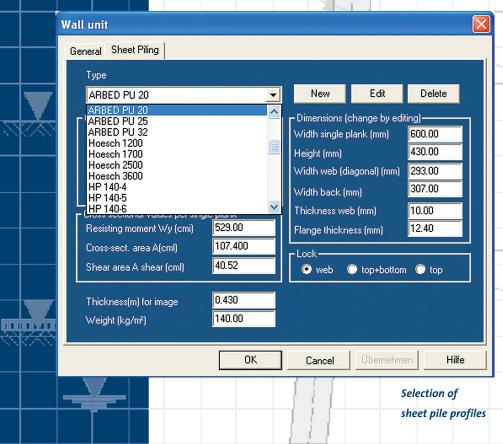




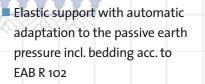
Δ1

Analysis of foundation pit walls DC-Pit

- Analysis of foundation pit walls acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 4085, EAB 2006, EAU 2004, SIA 267, OENORM B 4434,
- British Standard BS 8002
 Design option (Dimensioning): Steel design acc. to Eurocode 3, DIN 18 800, SIA 263, British Standard BS 5950, reinforced concrete acc. to Eurocode 2, DIN 1045-1, DIN 1045, OENORM B 4700, SIA 262, British Standard BS 8110
- Analysis with partial safety factors or with global safety
 German, English, French, Italian, Bulgarian, Romanian, Russian
- language

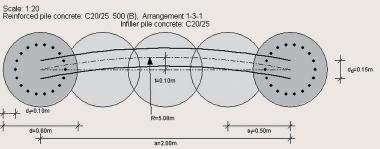


- Bore pile walls, diaphragm walls, sheet pilings, girder plank walls, MIP (Mixed In Place)
- Selection of predefined sheet piling types or girder profiles (HE-A, HE-B, etc.)
- Wall types to be combined (e.g. inserted girder on a bore pile wall)
- Inclined walls with earth pressure on the inclined wall
- Active, increased active earth pressure or pressure at rest
- Different redistribution types: triangle, trapezium, one or several rectangles, affined figure
- Dead and live loads in different load cases, unlimited imposed
 loads and block loads with different earth pressure distribution, excavation-related loads
- Different soil layers and slopes
- Arbitrary water levels in front of and behind the wall
- Building and dismantling stages
- Adjustable anchor positions and props per excavation incl.
 pre-deformation, spring constant
 - and pretension
- Inactive anchors in order to analyze variants
- Different foot bearings
- Fixed toe depth or iteration
- Iteration of the inclination angles δ_p and δ_c
- Verification of the transfer of vertical forces by skin friction and end bearing



- Calculation of section forces with anchor and bedding forces
- Anchor analysis in the deep sliding plane
- Detailed result output

Dimensioning of the bore pile wall (to 8.48 m)

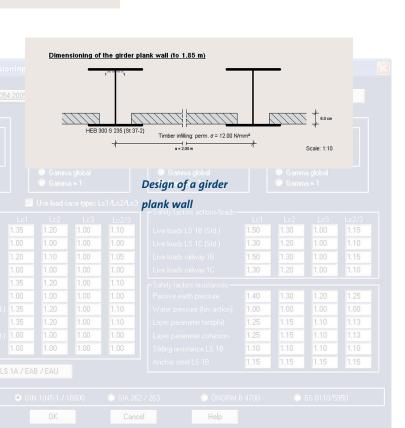


Туре:

🔘 Bore Pile Wall

Unit weight gamma (kN/m²) 78.500

Young's modulus (MN/m²) 210000.000



Design of bore pile walls (1-3-1)

-Shifting-

delta x top

delta x bottom

🔘 Diaphragm Wall 💿 Sheet Piling

Different

0.000

0.000

🔘 Girder Plank Wall 🔘 MIP

wall types

- Graphic of the system, earth pressures, section forces and deformations
- Display of section forces alternatively characteristic and design values, from dead, live, water and total loads
- **Dimensioning option** for the design of all components: sheet pilings, in-situ concrete walls incl. circular section of bored piles, girder planks, infillings in concrete, timber or steel, pile or shotcrete infilling, dimensioning of anchors and booms (steel or reinforced concrete)

35

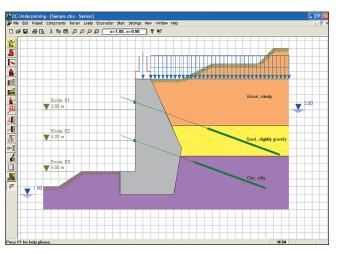


Analysis of building underpinnings and retaining walls DC-Underpinning

- Analysis of building underpinnings and retaining walls acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 1054:1976, SIA 267
- Wall design as concrete unit acc. to Eurocode 2, DIN 1045-1, DIN 1045, OENORM B 4700, SIA 262
- German, English, French language
- Arbitrary shape of the underpinning unit as a polygon, e.g. with spur

th pressure assivelactive

36





- Bends and jumps in the center line are possible
- Determination of the earth pressure on the inclined wall
- Active, increased active earth pressure or pressure at rest
- Automatic earth pressure determination with soil layer parameters or predefinition
- Different redistribution types: triangle, trapezium, one or several rectangles, affined figure
- Dead and live loads in different load cases, unlimited imposed loads and block loads with different earth pressure distribution, excavation-related loads
- Different soil layers and slopes
 Water levels, consideration of
- water and base water pressure
- Wall toe as free, elastic, supported or fixed
- Fixed toe depth or iteration

0.00 39.83 krum 36.90 0.00 krum

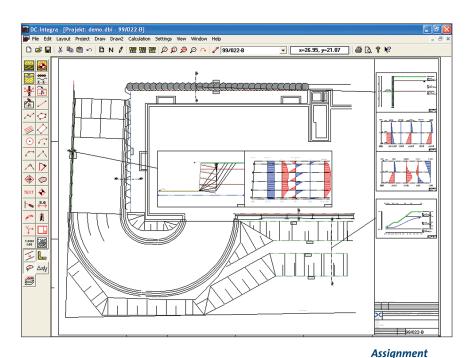
- Elastic support with automatic adaptation to the passive earth pressure incl. bedding acc. to EAB R 102
- Building and dismantling stages
- Adjustable anchor positions and props per excavation incl. pre-deformation, spring constant and pretension
- Determination of the section forces with anchor and bedding forces
- Inactive anchors for the analysis of variants
- Anchor design in the deep sliding plane
- Safety against sliding and bearing capacity, settlement calculation
- Graphics of the system, earth pressures, section forces and deformations
- Option: optimization of the wall width and anchor forces

Integrated foundation engineering DC-Integra

- German, English, French language
- Import of plans from the CAD with DXF, export of plans into DXF, integration of images through bitmaps
- Complete layer management with switching on/off and freezing
- Edit process with extensive CAD tools: lines, texts, polygons, intersection, symbols, dimension strings, anchor symbols
- Assignment of wall types to lines by predefining parameters such as girder types, bore pile diameters and spacing
- Exact graphic of the wall with macros incl. depth data as well as joint options
- Management of soil layer data, variable through bore points
- Automatic interpolation of heights above sea level, with assignment to soil layers
- Definiton of the analysis sections through arbitrary intersection lines
- Management of all sections
- in a plan

- Automatic start of the pertaining analysis program: DC-Pit, DC-Nail, DC-Slope, DC-Underpinning
- Quick transfer of all geometrical and type data: wall type and parameters, thickness and soil layers to the calculation program
- Additional edit process (excavations, anchor lengths) and analysis in the calculation program
- Integration of the result graphics into the plan

- Update tool in case of modifications in the calculated section
- Permanent overview of all sections in the project through complete management in the plan
- Plan formats from A4 to A0 + customizable formats
- Hardcopy tool for quick output of overviews and excerpts on A4



Section line alculation with DC-Pit L.thickn.(in 1/10 mm): 3 Color Name D:\...\Data\demo-A.dbw Labeling: A New file Open file Update file Begin: 246.85 m sea End: 248.10 m sea I. 🔘 continuous dash-dotted Start dash-dot-dotted 🔘 dashed O dotted Gravel pile _aver: 0 Layer selection Link to the respective Cancel OK analysis program

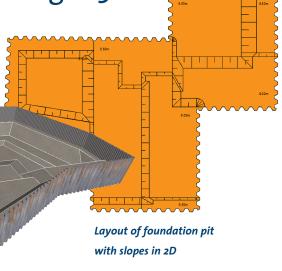
37

overview of the

wall types



3D display of foundation pits DC-Integra 3D



3D display with sheet piling and slope intersections

> Display of a girder plank wall



- Complete 3D model with automatic generation of the slopes between different depth sections
- Subdivision of the ground area with definition of the slope inclination
- Turning and shifting the 3D model with arbitrary viewing direction
- Creation of 3D images of complex foundation pit situations with photo-realistic display
- Clear overview over the geometry of the foundation pit even for non-experts
- Exact display of all types of walls with matching textures
- Steel, concrete, timber, earth
- Exact measures e.g. for sheet pile profiles from a parameter data base
- Import of DGMs, display of the ground surface just easy

Determination of excavation

volume and masses

Display of cross sections with soil layers

Excavation volumes and masses DC-Integra 3D/Volume

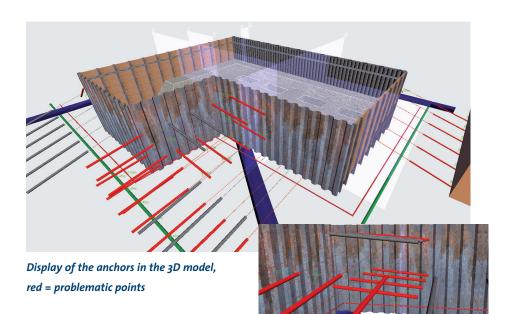
- Calculation of the excavation volume at the push of a button, including swell factor
- Excavation masses with the specific weight of the soil
- Values per soil layer and total
- Verifiable output of the volume calculation with a list of all the coordinates

Cubage of excavation Soil type Cubage [m^s] Spec.w.[kN/m^s] Excavation [t] No. Layer name 1 Sand, dense 2832.8 20.00 5665.7 2 Gravel, md 6804.3 18.00 12247 7 ** ** ** ** 4286.3 3 Silt (UM) 19.50 8358.2 Total 13923.4 26271.6

3D model of the foundation pit

Collision check of anchors DC-Integra 3D/Anchor

- Definition of anchor layers with boom at the foundation pit walls
- Depth, length, inclination of the anchors, length and diameter of the fixed length, boom profile
- Change of inclination and depth for single anchors
- 3D display of anchor layers and booms
- Turning and shifting of the display in the 3D view
- Easy check of the position of the anchors against each other
- Automatic check for collision between anchors (free/fixed length), between anchors and pipes, between anchors and buildings
- Permitted distances to fixed lengths/pipes/buildings may be defined



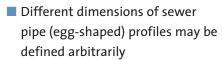
- Labels for the critical distances for a better overview
- Determination of the distances in the 3D model
- Anchors may be spreading (anchor pairs) and/or horizontally deviated

Position of the anchors from different points of view with collision check

3D display of all types of pipeworks DC-Integra 3D/Pipeworks

- Display of different types of pipeworks
- Wastewater, water, gas, electricity, district heat, cable trenches

- Select the color for each type
- Different sections: sewer pipe profiles, circular profiles, rectangular profiles

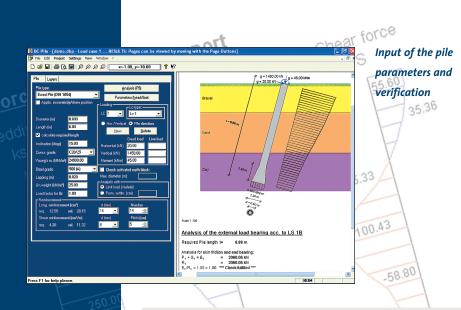


- Optionally connection of the pipes by pits
- Definition with coordinates or with inclination
- Reference to a reference height or with heights above sea level
- Overview of all the pipeworks by 3D display: rotate, enlarge and reduce arbitrarily

Display of the pipeworks in the 3D model



Analysis of piles **DC-Pile**



Analysis of the external load bearing in Design Approach 2

	Required Pile length I =	5.60 m							
1	Analysis for skin friction and end bearing:								
2	$P_d + G_d = E_d =$								
	R, =	1199.12 kM	1						
	$E_d^{\prime}/R_d = 1.00 = 1.00$				*** Check fulfilled ***				
	Acceptable skin friction:					1			
	Layer	1	avail.q.	Friction force		-1			
		[m]	[MN/m ²]	Q _d [kN]		KPI			
	Kies	2.59	0.071	348.47		My.			
	Sand	3.01	0.107	608.29		2 100			
	Acc. end bearing force S [kN]:			242.35					
.6	Sum = R _d			1199.12 kN					
	Avail. end bearing force a Resulting end bearing =			242.35 kN rm. end bearing = 0.857 M	N/m²				
m	ç								

Settlement from resistance settlement line; s = 0.654 cm

Determination

67

ñ6

of the external load bearing

Bore piles, driven piles, grouted piles (micro piles) acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, EN 1536, Rec. on piles, DIN 4014, DIN 4026, DIN 4128, OENORM B 4440, SIA 267, BS 8004

- Design of reinforced concrete incl. shear design acc. to Eurocode 2m = 0.03 🔳 Use of steel bars, anchor steels, DIN 1045-1, DIN 1045, OENORM B 4700, SIA 262, BS 8110, IS 456
- Steel design of girder profiles and pipes acc. to Eurocode 3, DIN 18 800, SIA 263, BS 5950, IS 800

Soil pressure

0.

.0.1

German, English, French, Italian, Portuguese, Romanian language

7.24

Deformation

- Bearing or tie piles, vertical or inclined 1.32
- Optionally with foot widening
- Loads horizontal/vertical or in the direction of the pile in different load cases
- Layering of the subsoil with selection of $q_{b,k}^{\nu}$ and $q_{s,k}$ including suggestions
- Analysis of skin friction and eventually end bearing for vertical loads
- Elastic bedding to transfer H-loads, with automatic adaptation to the passive earth pressure
- Determination of the required pile length or safety with available length
- Optional determination of the settlement under a defined load or of the permissible load for predefined settlement
- Settlement for micro piles with the approach of Ischebeck
- Diagram of the settlement or heave vs. resistance
- With tie piles: analysis of the activated earth block
- Analysis of punching with load
- spreading into weak layers
- GEWI or Ischebeck Titan
- Selection of the reinforcement
- according to diameter and spacing
- or pitch of spiral respectively
- number of anchors
- Graphic of bedding, section forces and deformation

Analysis of settlement with improvement through stone columns **DC-Vibro**

15

0.05

0.20

0.01

- Analysis of the soil improvement with the approach by Priebe, bearing capacity analysis acc. to Eurocode 7, DIN 1054:2010, DIN 4017:2006, SIA 267, OENORM B 4435-2
- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Any number of footings with individual soil layers for every analysis section
- Single, strip and circular footings as well as infinite load area Different load cases
- Variable soil layers with different column diameters
 - Column parameters defined per layer, e.g. for mortar injected stone columns

Depth	Foundation	Superimposed	Stress	s without	s infinite	Factor	Settlement
	stress	stress	ratio	improvement	load area	footing	of footing
		from soil	Found./Soil	for Foundation	with improv.		with improv.
[m]	σ _F [kN/m²]	0_[kN/m²]		[mm]	[mm]	[%]	(mm)
0.50	275.00	9.50	28.95	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
1.50	190.85	28.50	6.70	9.88	5.95	89.17	5.31
2.50	129.18	47.50	2.72	19.13	7.04	76.63	5.40
3.00	112.42	57.00	1.97	7.51	3.52	67.06	2.36
4.00	88.71	66.00	1.34	12.43	6.60	58.06	3.83
5.00	71.47	75.00	0.95	7.95	11.96	31.50	3.77
5.50	64.39	79.50	0.81	3.39	5.98	26.00	1.55
6.50	52.62	91.00	0.58	1.94	4.22	36.00	1.52
7.00	47.72	96.75	0.49	0.83	2.11	30.13	0.64
8.00	39.55	108.25	0.37	1.45	9.17	100.00	1.45
9.00	33.11	119.75	0.28	1.20	9.17	100.00	1.20
10.00	27.99	131.25	0.21	1.01	9.17	100.00	1.01
11.00	23.90	142.75	0.17	0.86	9.17	100.00	0.86
Sum				67.60	84.04		28.90

Improvement of the settlement

- Column arrangement in a triangular or rectangular grid with different distances
- Immediate display of the arrangement by preview function
- Calculation of the settlement with improvement, optionally comparison without improvement
- Calculation of the bearing capacity with and without improvement

Fast editing of the parameters by jumping from the results to the input

1.00

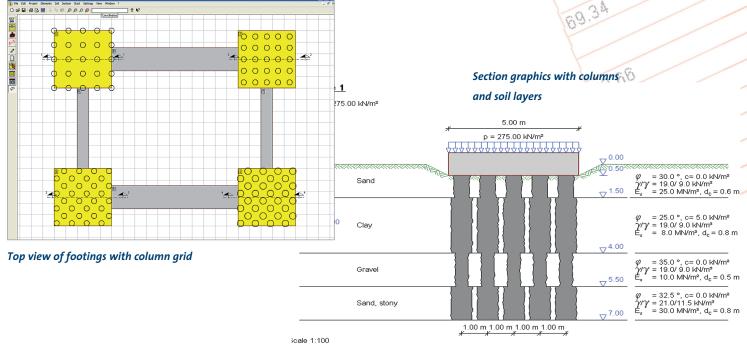
3

6.3

Clear display of results with section graphics

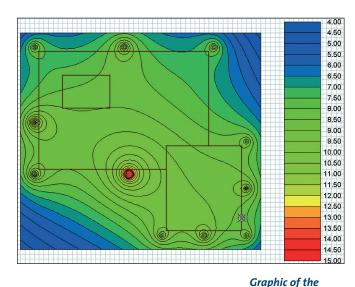
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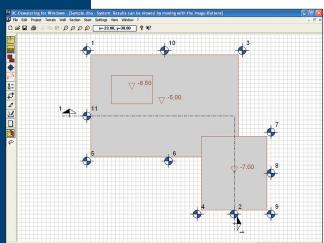
Display of the stresses and settlements in a diagram





Analysis of ground-water lowering DC-Dewatering





Foundation pit sectors of

different depth

8.65

又 ^{15.00}

8.75

- German, English, French, Romanian language
- Arbitrary number and shape of the pits, with different depths

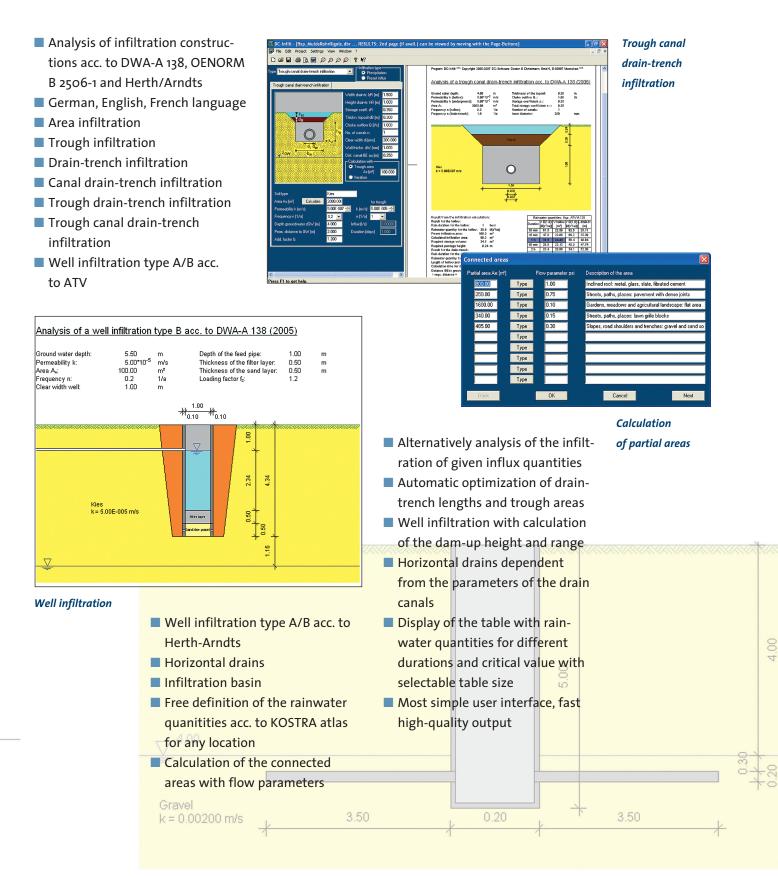
water level with

color areas

- Free number, diameter and position of wells, several series are possible
- Soil layer definition with different permeability
- Unconfined, semi-confined or confined aquifer
- Adaptation of the lowering depth to different pit depths is possible

- Calculation with gravity or vacuum wells
- Analysis with required, predefined pump-water rate or single well quantities
- Improved formulae for the use of Q > Q_{req}
- Output of the capacity of all wells
- Calculation of the required number of wells
- Lowering and wetted filter height of the wells
- Consideration of the mutual influence
- Calculation of the range acc. to Sichardt, acc. to Weyrauch 2004 for large foundation pits or time-depending
- Waterproof enclosure, calculation of the trough construction method
- Residual water quantities from the wall and the base, inflow from precipitation
- Graphic of the lowering with elevation lines or color areas
- Determination of the critical point
- Free section draw with water-level course
- Interactive display of the lowering at any point
- Optimization: distribution of the wells with arbitrary pit shapes and depths
- Optimization of the well depths in accordance to the pumped k = 1.00E-005 m/s guantity

Analysis of infiltrations DC-Infilt



References

Germany

- Bilfinger AG
- Hochtief AG
- Dywidag Bau / Int. GmbH
- Ed. Züblin AG
- Wayss & Freytag AG
- Bauer AG
- Keller Grundbau GmbH
- PST Spezialtiefbau GmbH
- Franki Grundbau GmbH & Co. KG
- ThyssenKrupp GfT
- Max Bögl GmbH & Co. KG
- Leonhard Weiss GmbH & Co.
- HPC Harress Pickel Consult AG
- Leonhardt, Andrä u. P. GmbH
- WSP Germany AG
- CDM Consult GmbH
- Colbond Geosynthetics GmbH
- Tensar International GmbH
- Siemens AG
- Bayer AG
- ABB AG
- more than 40 universities

Austria

- Strabag GmbH
- Insond GmbH
- 🔳 A. Porr AG
- Alpine BeMo Tunneling GmbH
- TenCate Geosynthetics Europe
- TU Wien, HTL Linz, HTL Krems

Switzerland

- CSD Ingenieure und Geologen AG
- Gruner AG
- Gysi Leoni Mader AG
- Implenia Bau AG
- Sieber Cassina + P. AG

Luxembourg

- SGI Ingenierie S.A., Luxembourg
- TECNA S.A., Luxembourg

Spain

- GC-X, Madrid
- Geomodel, Barcelona

Italy

- Autostrada del Brennero, Trento
- hbpm Ingenieure GmbH, Brixen
- Tecnoplan, Brixen

Great Britain

- Faber Maunsell Ltd., St. Albans
- Opus Intern. Consultants
- Ove Arup & Partners, London

Denmark

Ramboll Danmark, Virum

NetherlandsHaskoning Nederland B.V.

Poland

Aarsleff sp z.o.o, Rzeszów

- Hydrobudowa 9 PIB S.A., Poznan
- Soletanche Polska sp z.o.o

Hungary

University of Pécs, Pécs

Czech Republic

VZK s.r.o, Praha

Slovenia

GEOKO d.o.o, Ljubljana
 Solhydro spol. s.r.o, Bratislava

Greece

- Sotiropoulos & Ass. S.A., Pallini
- Technol. Education Inst. Thessaloniki
- Themeliodomi S.A., Thessaloniki

Bulgaria

- University of Sofia (UASG)
- Grund 1 EOOD, Prof. Dr. Bojinov
- Voda EOOD Dr. Milev

Latvia, Estonia

- Technological University of Riga
- Tallinn University of Technology

Saudi Arabia

Royal Commission for Jubail & Yanbu

United Arab Emirates

- National Dewatering Co., Dubai
- University of Sharjah

USA

- F&ME Consultants, Columbia SC
- Subsurface Constructors, St. Louis

Australia

- Monash University, Clayton
- Worley Parsons, Melbourne

Singapore, Malaysia

- M/S S A & P. Ass., Singapore
- YTL Engineering Cons., Singapore
- Bersekutu Cons. Eng., Kuala Lumpur

India

DC-Software

- SMA Cons. Eng., Visakhapatnam
- UR Ground Eng., Chennai
- S.P. College of Eng., Mumbai
- ... and more than 2000 customers in over 60 countries

DC-SOFTWARE

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